## 3rd Grade Student Proficiency Report: CHINESE

**Utah Dual Language Immersion Program** 

Student Name			Language Te		Teacher	Feacher		
School		District D		Date	Date			
Listening Ability- Your child's listening ability in the immersion language is best described as								
NOVICE LOW -Recognizes single, isolated words, greetings and polite expressions.	NOVICE MID -Understands predictable questions, statements, and commands in familiar topic areas (with strong contextual without prompting support). -Requires slower than normal rate of speech and/or with repetitions.		NOVICE HIGH -Understands simple questions, statements and commands on familiar topics and some sentences in new topics with strong contextual support. -May require repetition, slower speech, or rephrasing. TARGET		INTERMEDIATE LOW -Understands familiar questions, commands and statements in a limited number of content areas -Understands questions and statements in new content areas with strong contextual support. -Follows information that is being given at a fairly normal rate.		INTERMEDIATE MID -Understands most sentence-level speech in new contexts at a normal rate of speech although slow-downs may be necessary for unfamiliar topics. -Carries out commands.	
Speaking Ability- Your child's speaking ability in the immersion language is best described as								
NOVICE MID -Uses single words, multiple words, short phrases, greetings, polite expressions, and other memorized expressions on a limited number of topics. -Frequent searching for words is common. -May use native language or gestures when attempting to create with language beyond what is known. -Memorized expressions with verbs and other short phrases are usually accurate, but inaccuracies occur when trying to produce language beyond the scope of memorized material. TARGET		<ul> <li><b>NOVICE HIGH</b></li> <li><b>Partial</b> ability to create with language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences and strings of sentences ask and answer questions handle a simple survival situation (daily needs) in the language</li> <li>-Uses vocabulary from everyday topics and subject area content to provide basic information.</li> <li>-Uses memorized expressions with ease and accuracy.</li> <li>-Can respond in intelligible sentences most of the time but does not sustain sentence-level speech</li> <li>-Sentences may not always contain the proper verb formations, and other grammatical inaccuracies may be present.</li> <li>-May revert to the use of English when foreign language words cannot be retrieved or when dealing with unfamiliar topics.</li> </ul>		INTERMEDIATE LOW Sustained but minimal ability to create with language to convey personal meaning by adapting learned material in single sentences and strings of sentences ask and answer questions handle a simple survival situation (daily needs) in the language -Has basic vocabulary for making statements and asking questions to satisfy basic social and academic needs, but not for explaining or elaborating on them. -Can maintain simple conversations at the sentence level by creating with the language, although in a restrictive and reactive manner. -Handles a limited number of everyday social and subject content interactions. -The listener may be confused by this speech due to the many grammatical inaccuracies.		s -Has bas ind a persor -May atti appropr -Mainta e, convers: frMay ini al relying c -May atti h sentenci connect -Meanin	nt ability to e with language to convey personal aning by adapting learned material single sentences and strings of atences and answer questions le a simple survival situation (daily eds) in the language sic vocabulary to permit discussions of nal nature and subject area topics. tempt circumlocution when iate vocabulary is missing. ins simple sentence-level	

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**Reading Ability-** Your child's reading ability in the immersion language is best described as . . .

NOVICE MID	NOVICE HIGH	INTERMEDIATE LOW
ble to recognize some characters and mbinations of characters in identify a number of highly contextualized ords and phrases including cognates and rrowed words but rarely understand aterial that exceeds a single phrase. ereading is often required. TARGET	<ul> <li>-Can understand, fully and with relative ease, key words, as well as formulaic phrases, across a range of highly contextualized texts.</li> <li>-Where vocabulary has been learned, they can understand predictable language and messages such as those found in the environment.</li> <li>Typically are able to derive meaning from short, non-complex texts that convey basic information for which there is contextual or extralinguistic support.</li> </ul>	-Can understand some information from the simplest connected texts dealing with a limited number of personal and social needs. -There may be frequent misunderstandings. -Readers will be challenged to understand connected texts of any length.
mk an ord rrc ate	to recognize some characters and binations of characters identify a number of highly contextualized is and phrases including cognates and bwed words but rarely understand rial that exceeds a single phrase. eading is often required.	<ul> <li>Can understand, fully and with relative ease, key words, as well as formulaic phrases, across a range of highly contextualized texts.</li> <li>Where vocabulary has been learned, they can understand predictable language and messages such as those found in the environment.</li> <li>TARGET</li> </ul>

Writing Ability- Your child's writing ability in the immersion language is best described as . . .

NOVICE LOW	NOVICE MID	NOVICE HIGH	INTERMEDIATE LOW
-Copies or transcribes familiar words or	-Writes a modest number of words or phrases	Partial ability to	Sustained but minimal ability to
phrases	in context	create with language to convey personal	create with language to convey personal
-Forms a very limited number of characters	-Can supply limited information on simple	meaning by adapting learned material	meaning by adapting learned material
from the Chinese writing system	forms and documents, including biographical	in single sentences and strings of	in single sentences and strings of
<ul> <li>Produces a very limited number of isolated</li> </ul>	information, such as names, numbers and	sentences	sentences
words or familiar phrases from memory	nationality when asked for	ask and answer questions	ask and answer questions
	-Exhibits a high degree of accuracy when writing on well-practiced, familiar topics using	meet limited practical writing needs	meet limited practical writing needs
	limited formulaic language	-Meets limited basic practical writing needs	-Sentences are short, simple, mirroring oral
	-On less familiar topics, shows a marked	using lists, short messages, and simple notes	language
	decrease in accuracy	-Writing is focused on common elements of	-Sentences are almost exclusively in present
	-Writing may be difficult to understand even	daily school life	time and generally have repetitive structure
	by sympathetic readers	-Can recombine learned vocabulary and	-Topics are highly predictable content areas
		structures to create simple sentences on very	and personal information
	TARGET	familiar topics but cannot sustain sentence- level writing all the time	-Vocabulary is adequate to express elementary needs
		-Writing is often comprehensible by natives	-There are basic errors in grammar, word
		used to the writing of non-natives	choice, spelling, punctuation
			-Writing is generally understood by native
			readers used to the writer of non-natives.

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